## Choose the correct answer for each question of the following:

## Case 1:

Information about an entity that keeps incomplete records is as follows:

|  | Assets |  | Liabilities |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cash | Noncash Assets |  |
| Dec. 31, 2018 | $\$ 70,000$ | $\$ 180,000$ | $\$ 90,000$ |
| Dec. 31, 2019 | $\$ 100,000$ | $\$ 200,000$ | $\$ 60,000$ |

During 2019, the owner withdrew $\$ 4,000$ cash and goods valued $\$ 1,000$ for personal use. She made an additional investment of $\$ 21,300$ cash. Interest on opening capital and drawings were $10 \%$ and $6 \%$, respectively.

From case (1), choose the correct answer for the questions from (1) to (5)

1) Capital balance is ascertained by preparing:
a) Statement of affairs
b) Creditors account
c) Cash book
d) Debtors account
2) The opening capital balance is:
a) $\$ 160,000$
b) $\$ 250,000$
c) $\$ 300,000$
d) $\$ 240,000$
3) The ending capital balance is:
a) $\$ 250,000$
b) $\$ 300,000$
c) $\$ 160,000$
d) $\$ 240,000$
4) The change in capital balance (the difference between opening and closing balance) should be adjusted by:
a) $\$ 21,000$
b) $(\$ 27,260)$
c) $(\$ 32,000)$
d) $\$ 34,600$
5) The net profit (loss) for the year 2019 is:
a) $\$ 51,000$
b) $\$ 48,000$
c) $(\$ 18,400)$
d) $\$ 42,300$

## Case 2:

From the following table, choose the correct answer for the questions from (6) to (8)

| Accounts receivable - <br> Beginning | $\$ 25,500$ | Cash - Beginning | $\$ 19,500$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Accounts receivable - Ending | $\$ 31,500$ | Cash expenses | $\$ 27,000$ |
| Credit sales | $\$ 144,000$ | Notes Payable paid | $\$ 7,500$ |
| Accounts payable - Ending | $\$ 120,000$ | Bad debts written off | $\$ 3,000$ |
| Accounts payable paid | $\$ 105,000$ | Credit purchases | $\$ 135,000$ |

6) The Accounts receivable collected during the period is:
a) $\$ 135,000$
b) $\$ 90,000$
c) $\$ 40,000$
d) $\$ 98,000$
7) The cash on hand at the end of the period is:
a) $\$ 22,000$
b) $\$ 12,000$
c) $\$ 15,000$
d) $\$ 10,000$
8) The opening balance of accounts payable is:
a) $\$ 60,000$
b) $\$ 70,000$
c) $\$ 80,000$
d) $\$ 90,000$

## Case 3:

On $1^{\text {st }}$ Jan. 2018, goods costing $\$ 100,000$ sent from Adam to Zain on consignment at $20 \%$ above cost for a commission of $15 \%$. Adam paid $\$ 1,000$ cash as a delivery expense. The sales account sent to Adam on Jan. 31 showed that one-half of the consigned goods were sold during January for $\$ 96,000$. Zain incurred the following expenses related to the consignment sales: $\$ 1600$ for rent, $\$ 600$ as bad debts, and $\$ 900$ for insurance.

From case (3), choose the correct answer for the questions from (9) to (26)
9) Adam is the while Zain is the $\qquad$
a) Principal, agent
b) Lender, borrower
c) Seller, buyer
d) Creditor, debtor
10)On the dispatch of goods, the journal entry in the books of Zain would be $\qquad$
a) Dr. Goods received on consignment $\$ 100,000 \& C r$. Consignment-in $\$ 100,000$
b) Dr. Inventory $\$ 100,000 \&$ Cr. Consignment-in $\$ 100,000$
c) Dr. Inventory $\$ 100,000 \& C r$. Accounts Payable $\$ 100,000$
d) No entry
11)In the consignor's books, the journal entry to record the shipment of goods is $\qquad$
a) Dr. Consignment-out $\$ 100,000 \& C r$. Goods sent on consignment $\$ 100,000$
b) Dr. Consignment-out $\$ 120,000 \& \mathrm{Cr}$. Goods sent on consignment $\$ 120,000$
c) Dr. Consignment-out $\$ 80,000 \&$ Cr. Goods sent on consignment $\$ 80,000$
d) No entry
12)In the consignor's books, the expenses incurred by the consignor should be debited to:
a) Expenses
b) Cash
c) Consignment-in
d) Consignment-out
13)In the consignor's books, the expenses incurred by the consignee should be debited to:
a) Expenses
b) Cash
c) Consignment-in
d) Consignment-out
14)In this case, the $\qquad$ is liable for the bad debts.
a) Seller
b) Customer
c) Consignor
d) Consignee
15)In the consignor's books, the journal entry to recognize the sales made by the consignee is:
a) Dr. Consignment-out $\$ 96,000 \& C r$. Sales $\$ 96,000$
b) Dr. Cash $\$ 96,000 \& \mathrm{Cr}$. Consignment-out $\$ 96,000$
c) Dr. Accounts receivable $\$ 96,000 \&$ Cr. Sales $\$ 96,000$
d) None of the above
16)In the books of consignee, the sale of consignment goods is credited to:
a) Sales
b) Cash
c) Consignment-in
d) Consignment-out
17) The net amount due to the consignee is:
a) $\$ 16,800$
b) $\$ 17,500$
c) $\$ 10,000$
d) $\$ 14,500$
18)On Jan. 31,2018, the consignment-in account has a debit balance of:
a) $\$ 93,600$
b) $\$ 81,600$
c) $\$ 70,600$
d) $\$ 78,500$
19)The net cash remitted to the consignor is:
a) $\$ 93,600$
b) $\$ 81,600$
c) $\$ 78,500$
d) $\$ 70,600$
20)In the consignor's books, the cash remitted from the consignee is credited to:
a) Consignment-out
b) The consignee account
c) Goods sent on consignment
d) None of the above
21)Consignment-in account is debited for the following transactions except:
a) Reimbursable expenses incurred by the consignee
b) Commission earned by the consignee
c) Sales made by the consignee to a third party
d) Cash remittances to the consignor
22)The cost of goods sold by the consignee during the period is:
a) $\$ 78,000$
b) $\$ 60,500$
c) $\$ 40,800$
d) $\$ 138,500$
23)The cost of goods unsold at the consignee is:
a) $\$ 138,500$
b) $\$ 60,500$
c) $\$ 78,000$
d) $\$ 40,800$
24)On Jan. 31,2018, the consignment-out account has a credit balance of:
a) $\$ 138,500$
b) $\$ 78,000$
c) $\$ 40,800$
d) $\$ 60,500$
25)In the books of consignor, the ending balance of the consigned goods would be shown as:
a) A liability in the balance sheet
b) An asset in the balance sheet
c) On the credit side of trading account
d) On the debit side of consignment account
26)The profit on consignment sales is:
a) $\$ 25,000$
b) $\$ 72,000$
c) $\$ 18,000$
d) $\$ 13,000$

## Case 4:

The following items presented in the sales account sent by Hossam, the consignor, to Hassan, the consignee, for the first quarter of 2019:

| Units received | 1,000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Units on hand | 300 |
| Units sold @ \$140 each | 1,300 |
| Local freight charges on 1,000 units | $\$ 700$ |
| Repairs on units sold | $\$ 1300$ |

## Additional information:

- The 1,000 units shipped to the consignee at cost of $\$ 97$ each. The consignor paid $\$ 1,000$ freight on this shipment.
- The opening balance of the consignment-out account is $\$ 30,000$.
- The consignment sales during the quarter was $\$ 155,000$ collected in cash, and the remaining was on account. $20 \%$ of credit sales became uncollectible.
- Hossam is entitled to receive an ordinary commission of $15 \%$ on total sales plus a del-credere commission of $10 \%$ on credit sales.

From case (4), choose the correct answer for the questions from (27) to (37)
27)In the consignor's books, the cost of the consignment goods as Jan.1, 2019 is:
a) $\$ 97,000$
b) $\$ 127,000$
c) $\$ 50,000$
d) $\$ 30,000$
28)The cost of goods sold by the consignee during the period is:
a) $\$ 164,400$
b) $\$ 160,000$
c) $\$ 215,200$
d) $\$ 245,800$
29)The cost of ending inventory at the consignee is:
a) Zero
b) $\$ 75,000$
c) $\$ 65,800$
d) $\$ 50,400$
30)The total consignment sales is:
a) $\$ 280,000$
b) $\$ 155,000$
c) $\$ 182,000$
d) $\$ 160,000$
31)The commission earned by the consignee is:
a) $\$ 27,300$
b) $\$ 30,000$
c) $\$ 40,800$
d) $\$ 10,500$
32)The net amount due to the consignee is:
a) $\$ 37,400$
b) $\$ 44,000$
c) $\$ 57,300$
d) $\$ 32,000$
33)The net cash remitted to the consignor is:
a) $\$ 144,600$
b) $\$ 150,000$
c) $\$ 195,000$
d) $\$ 197,500$
34)In this case, the ------------ is responsible for the uncollectible credit sales.
a) Customer
b) Consignor
c) Consignee
d) None of the above
35)The profit on consignment sales is:
a) $\$ 16,600$
b) $\$ 12,000$
c) $\$ 21,400$
d) $\$ 22,000$
36)The revenue recognition principle provides that companies should recognize revenue when:
a) it is realized or realizable.
b) It is earned.
c) both $\mathrm{a} \& \mathrm{~b}$.
d) None of the above
37)In an instalment sale, Revenues and expenses are recognized at the time of....
a) Sale.
b) delivery.
c) Cash collection.
d) Both a \& c.

## Case 5:

On January $1^{\text {st }}, 2015$, El-Salam company, a furniture company, sold a piece of furniture with a sale price of LE 120000. The cost of the furniture to the company was LE 72000.

The company struck a deal with the customer in which the customer is required to pay LE 20000 as a down payment of the cash sale price and to make instalment payments of LE 25000 each year for the furniture until the full amount is paid.The company applies the instalment sales method to recognize its instalment sales.

From case (5), choose the correct answer for the questions from (38) to (43)
38)The grossprofitis :
a) 28000
b) 48000
c) 38000
d) 40000
39)The gross profit percentageis :
a) $28 \%$
b) $40 \%$
c) $23.3 \%$
d) $48 \%$
40)OnDec, $31^{\text {st }}, 2015$ the instalment accounts receivable will appear in the balance sheet at the balance of
a) 75000
b) 25000
c) 100000
d) 125000
41)Sales revenues account will appear in the income statement for the year ended Dec, $31^{\text {st }}, 2015$ at the balance of
a) 120000
b) 20000
c) 25000
d) 45000
42)Deferred gross profit account will appear in:
a) The asset side in the balance sheet.
b) The liabilities side in the balance sheet.
c) The income statement.
d) None of the above.
43)For 2016, the entry to recognize revenues is

| a | Deferred gross profit(Dr) 7000 <br> Cost of goods sold (Dr) 18000 <br> Sales revenues (Cr) 25000 | b | Deferred gross profit(Dr) 10000 <br> Cost of goods sold (Dr) 15000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| c | Cash (Dr) 25000 revenues(Cr) 25000 <br> Sales revenues (Cr)25000 | d | cash (Dr) 25000 <br> Instalment accounts receivable (Cr) 25000 |

## Case 6:

On January, $1^{\text {st }}, 2017$, the United company sold merchandise with a sale price LE 70000. the cost of it was LE 56000.

Information related to the sale conditions was:
The buyer has to pay LE 10000 as a down payment of the sale cash price.
The remaining amount is divided into three equal annual instalments deserved on
December, $31^{\text {st }}$ each year.
Each instalment amounted to LE 23282 including interest that is calculated at the rate of $8 \%$ of the remaining unpaid balance.
The company applies the instalment sales method to recognize its instalment sales.
From case (6), choose the correct answer for the questions from (44) to (51)
44)The gross profit is :
a) 4000
b) 14000
c) 60000
d) None of the above
45)The gross profit percentage is :
a) $20 \%$
b) $6.67 \%$
c) $15 \%$
d) None of the above
46)The totalinterest amount that will be received by the company over the instalment period is
a) 4800
b) 64800
c) 9846
d) 69846
47)The amount collected from the cash sale price in the first instalment is
a) 23282
b) 19961
c) 19691
d) 18482
48)The interest amount included in the third instalment is
a) 18482
b) 1725
c) 1275
d) 18842
49)For 2017 , the amount to be recognized as gross profit is
a) 14000
b) 2000
c) 3686.4
d) 5686.4
50)For 2018, the amount to be recognized as realized interest is
a) 4800
b) 3321
c) 3231
d) 8400
51)For 2019, the mount to be recognized as sales revenues is
a) 23282
b) 19961
c) 21557
d) None of the above

## Case 6:

Information related to the sale conditions was:

- The buyer has to pay LE 50000 as a down payment of the cash sale price.
- The remaining amount is divided into three equal annual instalments deserved on December, $31^{\text {st }}$ each year.
- Each instalment amounted to LE 58205 including interest that is calculated at the rate of $8 \%$ of the remaining unpaid balance.
- The company uses the cost recovery method.

From case (6), choose the correct answer for the questions from (52) to (59)
52)The gross profitis :
a) 20000
b) 70000
c) 50000
d) None of the above
53)For 2015, sales revenues will appear in the income statement at the balance of
a) 200000
b) 108205
c) 50000
d) None of the above
54)For 2015, the balance of the instalment accounts receivable that will appear in the balance sheet is
a) 174615
b) 58205
c) 116410
d) 150000
55)For 2015 , the amount to be recognized as gross profit is
a) 16171.75
b) 46205
c) Zero
d) none of the above
56)For 2016, the amount to be recognized as realized gross profit is
a) 17465.49
b) 28106.4
c) Zero
d) None of the above
57)For 2016, the amount to be recognized as realized interest is
a) 8303.6
b) 12000
c) Zero
d) None of the above
58)For 2017, the amount to be recognized as realized gross profit is
a) Zero
b) 18862.76
c) 16311.4
d) 41893.6
59)For 2017, the amount to be recognized as realized interest is
a) Zero
b) 26615
c) 16311.4
d) 41893.6

## Case 7:

On January $1^{\text {st }} 2017$, the Egyptian company sold a piece of equipment where its cost was LE 168000. Information related to the sale conditions was: The buyer has to pay LE 30000 as a down payment of the sale cash price (which amounted to LE240000). The remaining amount is divided into three equal annual instalments deserved on $31^{\text {st }}$ December eachyear. EachinstalmentamountedLE70000. The company applies the instalment sales method to recognize its instalment sales.

From case (6), choose the correct answer for the questions from (60) to (64)
60)The gross profit is :
a) 72000
b) 42000
c) 70000
d) 40000
61)The gross profit percentage is :
a) $30 \%$
b) $29.16 \%$
c) $17.5 \%$
d) $25 \%$
62)At Dec, $31^{\text {st }}, 2017$ the instalment accounts receivable will appear in the balance sheet at the balance of
a) 240000
b) 210000
c) 70000
d) 140000
63)Sales revenues account will appear in the income statement for the year ended Dec, $31^{\text {st }}$, 2017 at the balance of
a) 100000
b) 70000
c) 30000
d) 240000
64)Deferred gross profit account will appear in
a) The asset side in the balance sheet.
b) The liabilities side in the balance sheet.
c) The income statement.
d) None of the above.

