الاسئلة و الاجابات: انفرقه الاولى- شعبة اللغة- ماده قراءات سياسية

ENGLISH SECTION- SELECTED POLITICAL STUDIES- FIRST YEAR

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Please choose the correct answer
1- Anarchists believe that government is something
 A) good B) evil C) respectable 2- an agreement of a particular kind, is the definition of A) consensus B) society c) authority
3- Political analysis typically deals with:A) generalization B) specificationC) notification
4have a particular importance for students of politics: A) Concepts B) language C) meaning
5- Using concepts in politics is morethan in history A) Larger B) specific C) general
6- concepts such as freedom, democracy andhave different meanings t different people:
A) citizen B) justice C) law
7- the ability to think or act as on wishes is
A) justice B) freedom C) law
8- political concepts are usually entwined with ideological: A) principalsB) views <u>C) beliefs</u>
9- presidency does not refer to any specific:
A) person B) <u>president</u> C)position
10-Political concepts are often the subject of:
A) changeB) debate C) alteration

11- there arereasons to explain the importance of politics:

<u>C) 3</u>

B) 2

A) 1

12	a general it the definit		nething usual	lly express	sed in a single	word or short phrase,	
\mathbf{A}	concept) word	C	c) idea		
	13- presidency refers to a set of ideas about the organization of executive: A) viewB) belief C) power						
	14- concepts are the building blocks of human: A) cultureB) power <u>C) knowledge</u>						
	15- concepts formation is the essential step in the process of: A) reasoning B) analysisC) explaining						
16	6- civil societ A) <u>democ</u>	ty is usually re <u>rac</u> y	egarded as an B) dictatorsh		feature of C)autocracy		
	'- concepts in ideas	n politics are g B) s	general becau ubjects	se they re <u>C) ob</u>		er of:	
		e concepts are) factsC) norm		ed as:			
	n example of lawB) Pow	f a concept wh ver		ormative a authority	and descriptiv	e is:	
	The ideal t Weber	ype of concep	ts was first in B) Kar		by:	C)Smith	
	1 / 0	stice and freed e concepts B			descriptive co	oncepts	
	C-The goal of stateB) so	of political cor ciety		develop b ninology	ias-free:		
	3- A concept short phras	_	about	somethin	g usually expi	ressed in a single word	
	-	3) idea	C) anal	lysis			
		lism is viewed sB) equalityC					
26-	A) Explaint A) The right t	usually use land B) mand to influence the C) authoric	<u>ipulate</u> le behaviour ((C) analyse	on of	

27- there are two types of consensus: procedural and A) normative B) substantiveC) descriptive						
28- The principle of uniform apportionment, is the definition of: A) equality B) justice C) freedom						
29- the idea of contested concepts was first suggested by A) Gallie B) Waltz C) Ball						
30- The ability to influence the behaviour of others, is: A) powerB) authorityC) law						
31-political concepts arewith ideological beliefs						
A) <u>entwined</u> B) accompanied C) contradicted						
32- There are three types of authority: traditional, charismatic and A) normative B) legalC) descriptive						
33- a civil society is distinguished from the A) world B)stateC) Nation						
34- conservatives see authority as something A) healthy B) evil C) bad						
35- political concepts are valid only in terms of the in which they are employed A) context B) societyC) view						
36- political concepts have changed because of the emergence of						
A) <u>ideologies</u> B) norms C) culture 37- descriptive concepts refer to						
A) values B) facts C) norms						
38- concepts are thewith which we think, argue and analyse A) way B)toolsC) process 39-political correctness has been advocated by						
A) <u>feminists</u> B) conservatives C) anarchists						
40- a society governed by law under the authority of a state, is the definition of A) local society B) international society C) civil society						