

Political studies in English language

Second Academic year - political science department

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First Section

Answer next questions by True or false:

- 1- Public policies are always rational ()
- 2- Civil society organizations can participate in public policy making ()
- 3- All of us must participate in political parties ()
- 4- There is no need to have a program for a political party ()
- 5- There are 4 elements for an operational definition of a state ()
- 6- The language used by students of politics is largely the same as that used by practitioners of politics ()
- 7- Authority means power ()
- 8- A concept is a general idea about something ()
- 9 -A concept usually expressed in a single word ()
- 10- Normative concepts are often described as "values" ()
- 11- Descriptive concepts are thought to be "neutral" or value-free ()

12- A law cannot violate the constitution and approved by authorities ()

13- Authority, in its broadest sense, is a form of power

14 - The political system can be defined in some detail as "A system that includes only governmental units"

15- A political party is an optional organized group of individuals ()

Second Section;

- Please choose the correct answer

- 1- Anarchists believe that government is something
A) good B) evil C) respectable D) important
- 2- An agreement of a particular kind, is the definition of
A) consensus B) society c) authority D) debate
- 3- Political analysis typically deals with:
A) generalization B) specificationD) evaluationC) notification
- 4-have a particular importance for students of politics:
A) Concepts B) language C) meaning D) thinking
- 5- Using concepts in politics is morethan in history
A) Larger B) specific C) general d) little
- 6- concepts such as freedom, democracy andhave different meanings to different people:
A) citizen B) justice C) lawD) paradigm
- 7- the ability to think or act as on wishes is
A) justice B) freedom C) law D) authority
- 8- political concepts are usually entwined with ideological:
A) principalsB) viewsC) beliefs D) values
- 9- presidency does not refer to any specific:
A) person B) president C)position D) leader
- 10-Political concepts are often the subject of:
A) changeB) debateC) alteration D) consensus
- 11- there arereasons to explain the importance of politics:
A) 1 B) 2 C) 3D) 4
- 12- a general idea about something usually expressed in a single word or short phrase, is the definition of:
A) concept B) word C) ideaD) value
- 13- presidency refers to a set of ideas about the organization of executive:
A) viewB) belief C) powerD) thought

- 14- concepts are the building blocks of human:
 A) culture B) power C) knowledge D) behaviour
- 15- concepts formation is the essential step in the process of:
 A) reasoning B) analysis C) explaining D) evaluation
- 16- civil society is usually regarded as an essential feature of
 A) democracy B) dictatorship C) autocracy D) anarchy
- 17- concepts in politics are general because they refer to a number of:
 A) ideas B) subjects C) objects D) issues
- 18 -normative concepts are often described as:
 A) values B) facts C) customs D) meanings
- 19 -an example of a concept which is both normative and descriptive is:
 A) law B) Power C) authority D) behaviour
- 20 The ideal type of concepts was first introduced by:
 A) Weber B) Kant C) Smith D) Huntington
- 21- Power, justice and freedom are examples of:
 A) Normative concepts B) Contested concepts C) descriptive concepts
- 22- The goal of political correctness is to develop bias-free:
 A) state B) society C) terminology
- 23- A concept is a generalabout something usually expressed in a single word or short phrase
 A) View B) idea C) analysis
- 24- individualism is viewed as the opposite of:
 A) Consensus B) equality C) Collectivism
- 25- Politicians usually use language to their views
 A) Explain B) manipulate C) analyse
- 26- The right to influence the behaviour of others, is the definition of
 A) law B) power C) authority
- 27- there are two types of consensus: procedural and
 A) normative B) substantive C) descriptive
- 28- The principle of uniform apportionment, is the definition of:
 A) equality B) justice C) freedom
- 29- the idea of contested concepts was first suggested by
 A) Gallie B) Waltz C) Ball

30- The ability to influence the behaviour of others, is:

A) power B) authority C) law

31-political concepts are.....with ideological beliefs

A) entwined B) accompanied C) contradicted

32- There are three types of authority: traditional, charismatic and

A) normative B) legal C) descriptive

33- a civil society is distinguished from the

A) world B)state C) Nation

34- conservatives see authority as something

A) healthy B) evil C) bad

35- political concepts are valid only in terms of the in which they are employed

A) context B) society C) view

36- political concepts have changed because of the emergence of

A) ideologies B) norms C) culture

37- descriptive concepts refer to

A) values B) facts C) rules D) norms

38- concepts are thewith which we think, argue and analyse

A) way B)tools C) research D) process

39-political correctness has been advocated by

A) feminists B) conservatives C) socialists D) anarchists

40- A society governed by law under the authority of a state, is the definition of

A) local society B) international society C)party D) civil society

Third Section;

- Please choose the correct answer

1- ترجمة مصطلح الطبيعة الإنسانية باللغة الإنجليزية هي

A) Community B) Human Nature C) Law D) Collectivism.

2- ترجمة مصطلح القانون باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Law B) Citizenship C) Community D) Civil Liberty.

3- ترجمة مصطلح الشرعية باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Civil Liberty B) Collectivism C) Sovereignty D) Legitimacy

4- ترجمة مصطلح السيادة باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Sovereignty B) Citizenship C) Law D) Legitimacy.

5- ترجمة مصطلح القابلية للمساءلة باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Crisis B) Accountability C) Law D) Autonomy.

6- ترجمة مصطلح المواطنة باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Law B) Accountability C) Citizenship D) Community.

7- ترجمة مصطلح الحرية المدنية باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Sovereignty B) Community C) Law D) Civil Liberty.

8- ترجمة مصطلح الجماعية باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Legitimacy B) Autonomy C) Collectivism D) Law.

9- ترجمة مصطلح نظام باللغة الانجليزية هي

A) Law B) Order C) Rights D) Freedom

10- ترجمة مصطلح مجتمع مدني باللغة الانجليزية هي

- A) Law B) Justice C) Rights D) Civil Society

11- ترجمة مصطلح Responsibility باللغة العربية هي

- A) حقوق B) قانون C) مسئولية D) حيادية

12- ترجمة مصطلح Authority باللغة العربية هي

- A) مساواة B) قانون C) سلطة D) عدل

13- ترجمة مصطلح Consent باللغة العربية هي

- A) حرية B) مساواة C) قانون D) قبول

14- ترجمة مصطلح Equality باللغة العربية هي

- A) قبول B) حرية C) مساواة D) عدل

15- ترجمة مصطلح Freedom باللغة العربية هي

- A) التزام B) مساواة C) عدل D) حرية

16- ترجمة مصطلح Human Rights باللغة العربية هي

- A) عدل B) قيادة C) قانون D) حقوق إنسان

17- ترجمة مصطلح Individualism باللغة العربية هي

- A) مسئولية B) حيادية C) جماعية D) فردية

18- ترجمة مصطلح Justice باللغة العربية هي

- A) عدل B) التزام C) قيادة D) ملكية

19- ترجمة مصطلح Leadership باللغة العربية هي

- A) قبول B) قانون C) قيادة D) مواطنة

20- ترجمة مصطلح Neutrality باللغة العربية هي

- A) التزام B) حيادية C) حقوق D) مسؤولية